



# SPECIFICATION TIANMA



NL6448BC26-47D 8,4" TFT – VGA – RGB

Version:

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# TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL6448AC26-47D

21cm (8.4 Type) VGA CMOS interface



This DATA SHEET is updated document from DOD-PP-1741(1)

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#### INTRODUCTION

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Examples: Aerospace system (except seat entertainment monitor), nuclear control system, life support system, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.



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#### 1. OUTLINE

#### 1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL6448AC26-47D is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

#### 1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

#### 1.3 FEATURES

- High contrast
- 6-bit digital RGB signals
- Reversible-scan direction
- DE (Data enable) function
- Long life LED backlight
- Built in LED driver
- Acquisition product for UL60950-1/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-03 (File number: E170632)
- Compliant with the European RoHS directive (2011/65/EU)

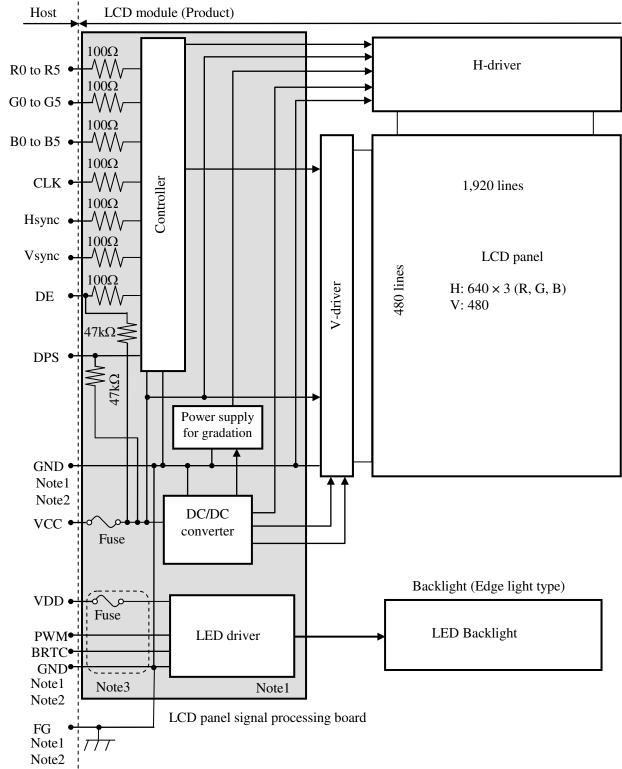


#### 2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	170.88 (H) × 128.16 (V) mm
Diagonal size of display	21cm (8.4 inches)
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix
Display color	262,144 colors
Pixel	640 (H) × 480 (V) pixels
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe
Dot pitch	$0.089 \text{ (H)} \times 0.267 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$
Pixel pitch	$0.267 \text{ (H)} \times 0.267 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$
Module size	221.0 (W) × 152.4 (H) × 9.0 (D) mm (typ.)
Weight	285 g (typ.)
Contrast ratio	1000:1 (typ.)
Viewing angle	At the contrast ratio ≥10:1  • Horizontal: Right side 80° (typ.), Left side 80° (typ.)  • Vertical: Up side 80° (typ.), Down side 65° (typ.)
Designed viewing direction	<ul> <li>At DPS= High or Open: Normal scan</li> <li>Viewing direction without image reversal: Down side (6 o'clock)</li> <li>Viewing direction with contrast peak: Up side 5° to 10° (12 o'clock)</li> <li>Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ≒2.2): Normal axis (perpendicular)</li> </ul>
Polarizer surface	Antiglare
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5600]
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]
Response time	$Ton+Toff (10\% \longleftrightarrow 90\%)$ 8ms (typ.)
Luminance	At the maximum luminance control 380cd/m <sup>2</sup> (typ.)
Signal system	6-bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE), Horizontal synchronous signal (Hsync), Vertical synchronous signal (Vsync)
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V or 5.0V LED driver: 12V
Backlight	LED backlight built in LED driver
Power consumption	At the maximum luminance control, Checkered flag pattern 3.3 W (typ.)



#### 3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note1: Relations between GND (Signal ground and LED driver ground) and FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module are as follows.

GND – FG Connected

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds to be connected together in customer equipment.

Note3: See "4.3.5 Equivalent circuit at input part"



#### 4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

#### 4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	$221.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 152.4 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 9.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	170.88 (H) × 128.16 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	285 (typ.), 300 (max.)		g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

#### 4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks	
Power supply	LCD panel signal	processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +6.5	V		
voltage	LED o	lriver	VDD	-0.3 to +15.0	•		
	Display Not		VD	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	T 25°C	
Input voltage for	Function Not		VF	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	Ta= 25°C	
signals	F 4: 1	C LED I:	PWM	-0.3 to +5.5	V		
	Function signal	for LED driver	BRTC	-0.3 to +5.5	V		
	Storage temperature		Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-	
On anating a		Front surface	TopF	-30 to +80	°C	Note3	
Operating t	emperature	Rear surface	TopR	-30 to +80	°C	Note4	
				≤ 95	%	Ta ≤ 40°C	
				≤ 85	%	40 < Ta ≤ 50°C	
	Relative humidity Note5		RH	≤ 55	%	50 < Ta ≤ 60°C	
				≤ 36	%	60 < Ta ≤ 70°C	
				≤ 24	%	70 < Ta ≤ 80°C	
_	Absolute humidity Note5		АН	≤ 70 Note6	g/m <sup>3</sup>	Ta = 80°C	

Note1: CLK, Hsync, Vsync, DE, DATA (R0 to R5, G0 to G5, B0 to B5)

Note2: DPS

Note3: Measured at LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at Ta= 80°C and RH= 24%



#### 4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$ 

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
Downer overally voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	at $VCC = 3.3V$
Power supply voltage	;	VCC	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	at $VCC = 5.0V$
Douver supply overent		ICC	-	250 Note1	350 Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V
Power supply current	•	icc	-	170 Note1	250 Note2	mA	at VCC= 5.0V
Permissible ripple voltage		VRPC	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC
Logic input voltage for	High	VDH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	
display signals	Low	VDL	0	-	0.3VCC	V	CMOS level
Input voltage for	High	VFH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	CWO3 level
DPS signals	Low	VFL	0	-	0.3VCC	V	

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by IEC61747-6]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current



#### 4.3.2 LED driver

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$ 

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
Power supply v	oltage	VDD	10.8	12.0	13.2	V	Note1
Power supply c	IDD	-	200	250 Note2	mA	At the maximum luminance control.  Note3	
Permissible ripple	e voltage	VRPD	-	-	200	mVp-p	for VDD
Input voltage for	High	VDFH1	2.1	-	5.5	V	
PWM signals	Low	VDFL1	0	-	0.15	V	-
Input voltage for	High	VDFH2	2.1	-	5.5	V	
BRTC signals	Low	VDFL2	0	-	0.8	V	-
PWM frequency		$f_{PWM}$	200	-	1k	Hz	Note4, Note5
PWM duty r	$DR_{PWM}$	10	-	100	%	Note6	
PWM pulse w	vidth	tPWH	100	-	-	μs	Note7

Note1: When designing of the power supply, take the measures for the prevention of surge voltage.

Note2: This value excludes peak current such as overshoot current.

Note3: The power supply lines (VDD and GND) may have ripple voltage during luminance control of LED. There is the possibility that the ripple voltage produces acoustic noise and signal wave noise in audio circuit and so on. Put a capacitor between the power supply lines (VDD and GND) to reduce the noise if necessary.

Note4: A recommended f<sub>PWM</sub> value is as follows.

$$f_{PWM} = \frac{2n-1}{4} \times fv$$

(n = integer, fv = frame frequency of LCD module)

Note5: Depending on the frequency used, a noise may appear on the screen, please conduct a thorough evaluation.

Note6: While the BRTC signal is high, do not set the tPWH(PWM pulse width) is less than 100µs. It may cause abnormal working of the backlight. In this case, turn the backlight offand then on again by BRTC signal.

Note7: Regardless of the PWM frequency, both PWM duty ratio and PWM pulse width must be always more than the minimum value.



#### 4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values as the following table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power sup	ply voltage	Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p
VCC	5.0V	≤ 100	mVp-p
VDD	12.0V	≤ 200	mVp-p

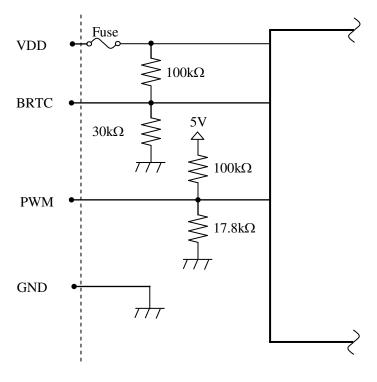
Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

#### 4.3.4 Fuse

Doromatar		Fuse	Dating	Eusing ourrant	Remarks	
Parameter Type		Supplier	Rating	Fusing current	Kemarks	
VCC	FCC16152AB	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	1.5A	3.0A		
VCC	TCC10132AB	Co., Ltd.	36V	5.0A	Note1	
VDD	FCC16152AB	ECC16152AB KAMAYA ELECTRIC		3.0A	notei	
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	TCC10132AB	Co., Ltd.	36V	3.0A		

Note1: The power supply's rated current must be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

#### 4.3.5 Equivalent circuit at input part

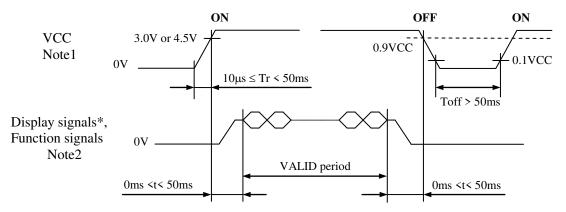


LED driver circuit



#### 4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

#### 4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



<sup>\*</sup> These signal should be measured at the terminal of  $100\Omega$  resistance.

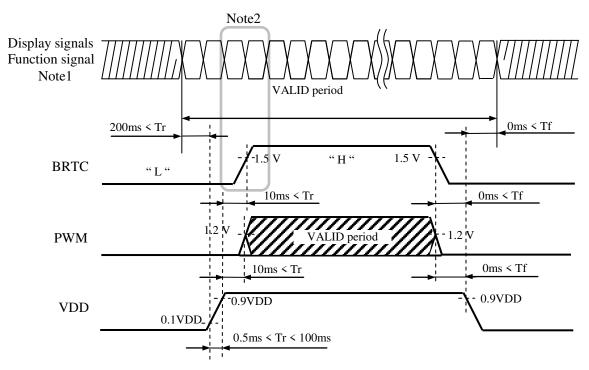
Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 3.0V in "VCC = 3.3V" or 4.5V in "VCC = 5.0V", there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.

Note2: Display signals (CLK, Hsync, Vsync, DE, DATA (R0 to R5, G0 to G5, B0 to B5)) and function signal (DPS) must be set to High or High-impedance, except the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the circuitry damage.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the display and function signals, VCC also must be shut down.



#### 4.4.2 LED driver



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.



#### 4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

#### 4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): DF9C-31P-1V (2\*) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. (HRS))

Adaptable plug: DF9-31S-1V (2\*) or DF9-31S-1V (3\*) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. (HRS))

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	GND	Ground	Note1
2	CLK	Dot clock	
3	Hsync	Horizontal synchronous signal	-
4	Vsync	Vertical synchronous signal	
5	GND	Ground	Note1
6	R0	Red data (LSB)	Least significant bit
7	R1	Red data	
8	R2	Red data	
9	R3	Red data	_
10	R4	Red data	
11	R5	Red data (MSB)	Most significant bit
12	GND	Ground	Note1
13	G0	Green data (LSB)	Least significant bit
14	G1	Green data	
15	G2	Green data	
16	G3	Green data	_
17	G4	Green data	
18	G5	Green data (MSB)	Most significant bit
19	GND	Ground	Note1
20	В0	Blue data (LSB)	Least significant bit
21	B1	Blue data	
22	B2	Blue data	
23	В3	Blue data	_
24	B4	Blue data	
25	B5	Blue data (MSB)	Most significant bit
26	GND	Ground	Note1
27	DE	Selection of DE / Fixed mode	High or Open: Fixed mode Data enable signal: DE mode
28	VCC	Power supply	Note1
29	VCC	Power supply	110101
30	N.C.	-	Keep this pin Open.
31	DPS	Selection of scan direction	High or Open: Normal scan Note2 Low: Reverse scan

Note1: All VCC and GND terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note2: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".



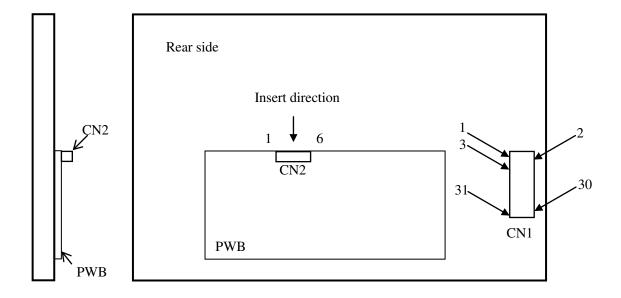
#### 4.5.2 LED driver

CN2 socket (LCD module side): FI-S6P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))
Adaptable plug: FI-S6S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

	1 0	` 1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	VDD	Power supply	
2	VDD	Power supply	
3	GND	Ground	Note1
4	GND	Ground	
5	BRTC	Back light ON/OFF control	High or Open: ON Low: OFF (3.3V or 5V)
6	PWM	Luminance control	PWM Dimming (3.3V or 5V)

Note1: All VDD and GND terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

#### 4.5.3 Positions of a socket





#### 4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

This product can display 262,144 colors with 64 gray scales. Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Display	aalara												Iigh le						
Display	COIOIS	R 5	R4	R3	R 2	R 1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B 5	B4	В3	B 2	B 1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ısic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
B	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>ə</u>		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red gray scale	<b>↑</b>			:							:						:		
d g	$\downarrow$				:						:						:		
Re	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	D 1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
y sc	dark ↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray scale	↑ ↓										:						:		
sen	•	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	. 0	0	0
<b>5</b>	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Diack	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
os sc	uark ↑	O	O			Ü	Ü	O	Ü	O		Ü	Ü		Ü	O			O
Blue gray scale	$\downarrow$										•						•		
ne	↓ bright	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	1	1	1	. 1	0	1
Bl	origin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1



#### 4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel. (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

C (0,	0)					
R G	В					
C(0, 0)	C( 1, 0)	• • •	C( X, 0)	• • •	C(638, 0)	C(639, 0)
C( 0, 1)	C( 1, 1)	• • •	C( X, 1)	• • •	C(638, 1)	C(639, 1)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	• • •
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C( 0, Y)	C( 1, Y)	• • •	C( X, Y)	• • •	C(638, Y)	C(639, Y)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0,478)	C( 1, 478)	• • •	C( X, 478)	• • •	C(638, 478)	C(639, 478)
C( 0, 479)	C( 1, 479)	• • •	C( X, 479)	• • •	C(638, 479)	C(639, 479)

#### 4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view.

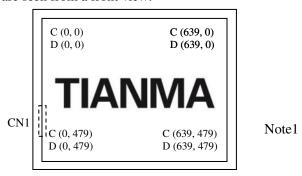


Figure 1. Normal scan (DPS: High or Open)

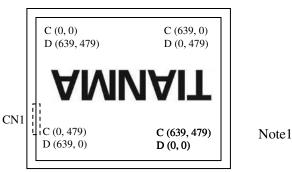


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPS: Low)

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "**4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS**".) D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

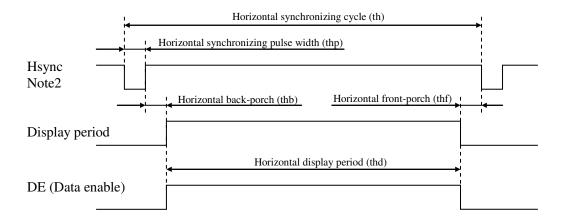


#### 4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

#### 4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings

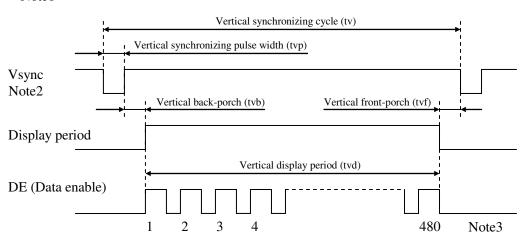
#### • Horizontal signal

Note1



#### • Vertical signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing.

Note2: Fixed mode cannot be used while working of DE mode.

Note3: See "4.9.3 Input signal timing chart" for the pulse number.



#### 4.9.2 Timing characteristics

#### (a) Fixed mode

(Note1)

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
	Frequency		1/tc	21.0	25.175	29.0	MHz	39.72 ns (typ.)
CLK	Duty ratio		tcd	0.4	0.5	0.6	-	
	Rise time	e, Fall time	terf	-	-	10	ns	-
DATA	CLK-DATA	Setup time	tds	3	-	1	ns	
(R0-R5) (G0-G5)	CLK-DATA	Hold time	tdh	5	-	1	ns	-
(B0-B5)	Rise time	e, Fall time	tdrf	-	-	10	ns	
	C	ycle	th	30.0	31.778	33.6	μs	31.468 kHz (typ.)
		ycie	tii		800		CLK	
	Displa	y period	thd	640			CLK	
	Front-porch		thf	16		CLK	-	
Harma	Pulse width		thp	10	96	-	CLK	
Hsync	Back-porch		thb	-	48	134	CLK	
	Total of pulse width and back-porch		thp + thb	144		CLK	Note2	
	CLK- Hsync	Setup time	ths	3	-	-	ns	
		Hold time	thh	5	-	-	ns	-
	Rise time, Fall time		thrf	-	-	10	ns	
	Cycle		tv	16.1	16.683	17.2	ms	59.94 Hz (typ.)
				525			Н	
	Display period		tvd	480			Н	
Vsync	Front-porch		tvf	12		Н	-	
	Pulse width		tvp	1	2	-	Н	
	Back-porch		tvb	-	31	32	Н	
	Total of pulse width and back-porch		tvp + tvb		33		Н	Note2
	Harma Varma	Setup time	tvhs	3	-	1	ns	
	Hsync-Vsync	Hold time	tvhh	5	-	-	ns	-
	Rise time, Fall time		tvrf	-	-	10	ns	

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc= 1CLK, tcd= tch/tc, th= 1H

Note2: Keep tvp + tvb and thp + thb within the table. If it is out of specification, display position will be shifted to right/left side or up/down.



#### (b) DE mode

(Note1, Note2, Note3)

Parameter			Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
CLK	Frequency		1/tc	21.0	25.175	29.0	MHz	39.72 ns (typ.)
	Duty		tcd	0.4	0.5	0.6	-	
	CLK high period		tch	7	-	-	ns	
	CLK low period		tcl	7	-	-	ns	-
	Rise time, Fall time		terf	-	-	10	ns	
DATA	CLK-DATA	Setup time	tds	3	-	-	ns	
(R0-R5) (G0-G5)		Hold time	tdh	5	-	-	ns	-
(B0-B5)	Rise time	e, Fall time	tdrf	-	-	10	ns	
	Horizontal	Cycle	th	30.0	31.778	33.6	μs	31.468 kHz (typ.)
				-	800	-	CLK	
		Display period	thd		640		CLK	-
	Vertical (One frame)	C1-	tv	16.1	16.683	17.2	ms	50.04 H= (+)
DE		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		-	525	-	Н	59.94 Hz (typ.)
		Display period	tvd		480		Н	-
	CLK-DE	Setup time	tdes	3	-	1	ns	
		Hold time	tdeh	5	1	1	ns	-
	Rise time, Fall time		tderf	-	-	10	ns	

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc= 1CLK, tcd= tch/tc, th= 1H

Note2: Hsync signal (CN1-Pin No.3) and Vsync signal (CN1-Pin No.4) are not used inside the product at DE mode, but do not keep these pins open to avoid noise problem.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

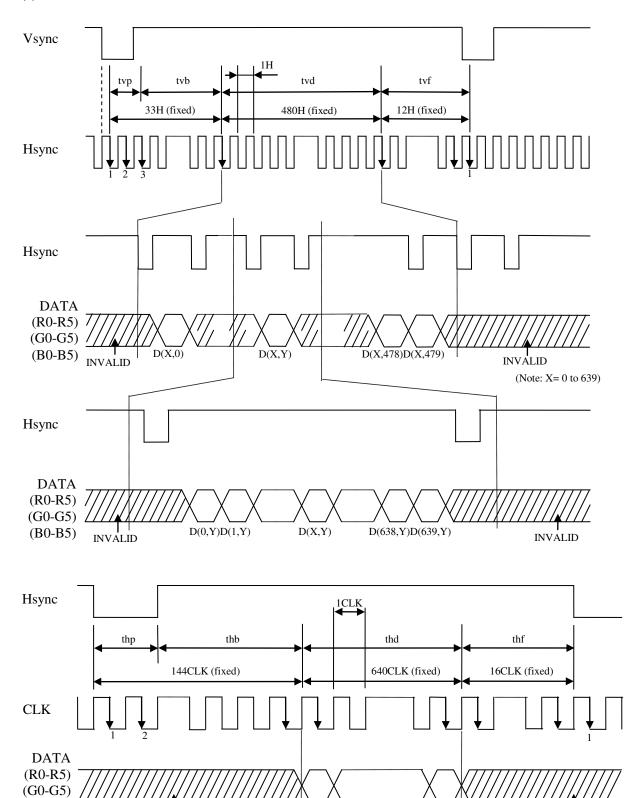


#### 4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

#### (a) Fixed mode

(B0-B5)

INVALID



D(0,Y)D(1,Y)

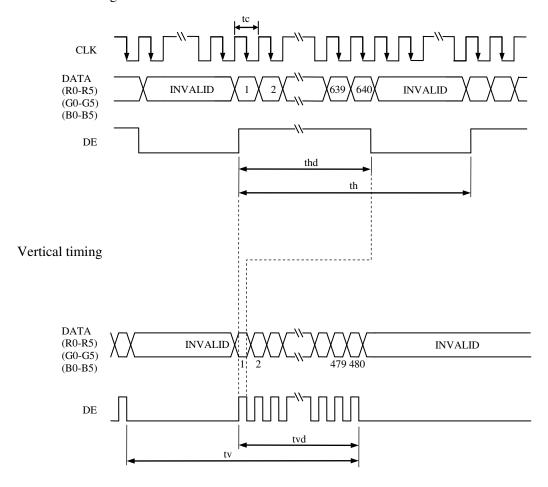
D(639,Y)

INVALID
(Note: Y= 0 to 479)



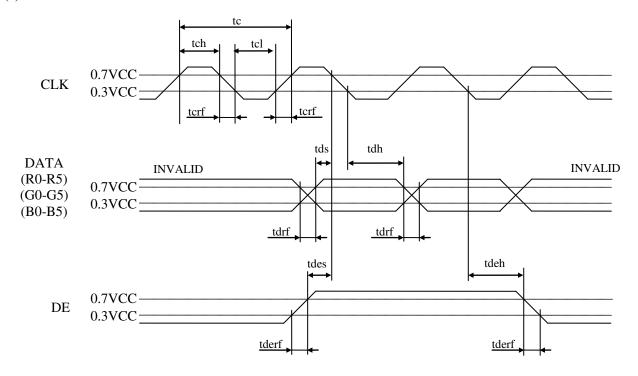
#### (b) DE mode

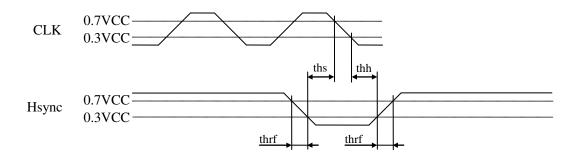
#### Horizontal timing

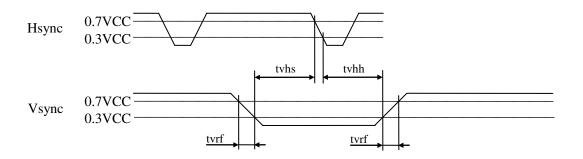




#### (c) Common item of Fixed mode and DE mode









#### **4.10 OPTICS**

#### 4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminance		White at center	L	240	380	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	BM-5A or equivalent	PWM=H
		$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$		-	260	-			PWM=open
Contrast ratio		White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	CR	600	1000	-	1	BM-5A or equivalent	Note3
Luminance uni	formity	White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	LU	-	1.25	1.4	ı	BM-5A or equivalent	Note4
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-		
	wille	y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	-	SR-3 or equivalent	
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	0.568	-	-		
Chromaticity		y coordinate	Ry	-	0.347	-	-		
Cinomaticity	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	0.345	-	-		Note5
		y coordinate	Gy	-	0.565	-	-		Notes
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	0.162	-	-		
	Diuc	y coordinate	By	-	0.145	-	-		
Color gamut		$\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$ at center, against NTSC color space	C	35	40	-	%		
D 4'		White to Black	Ton	-	3	5	ms	BM-5A or	Note6
Response ti	ime	Black to White	Toff	-	5	8	ms	equivalent	Note7
Viewing angle	Right	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θR	70	80	-	0		
	Left	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θL	70	80	-	0	EZ	N-4-0
	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ},  \theta L = 0^{\circ},  CR \ge 10$	θU	70	80	-	0	Contrast	Note8
	Down	$\theta R=0^{\circ}, \theta L=0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	θD	55	65	-	0		

Note1: These are initial characteristics.

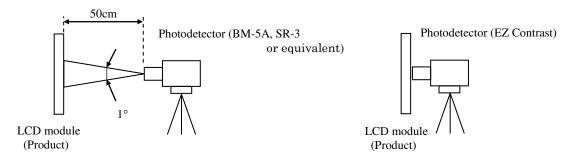
Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 5.0V, VDD= 12.0V, PWM: Duty 100%,

Display mode: VGA, Horizontal cycle= 1/31.468kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/59.94Hz,

DPS= High or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after the product works, in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= 28°C Note7: See "**4.10.4 Definition of response times**". Note8: See "**4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles**".



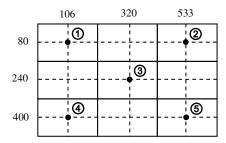
#### 4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

#### 4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

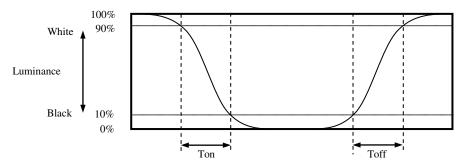
The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

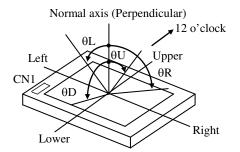


#### 4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured at the time when the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time when the luminance changes from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time when the luminance changes from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



#### 4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles





#### 5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

#### This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Condition	Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit	
LED elementary substance	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, PWM Duty=100%	100,000		
	80°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, PWM Duty=100%	70,000	h	

Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for an LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially, in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

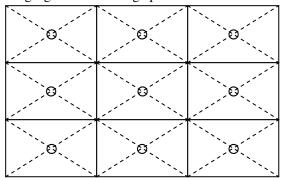


#### 6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Judgment Note1			
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	① +60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours ② Display data is black.			
High temperature (Operation)	① +80 ± 3°C, 240hours ② Display data is black.			
Heat cycle (Operation)	① -30 ± 3°C 1hour +80 ± 3°C 1hour ② 50cycles, 4hours/cycle ③ Display data is black.			
Thermal shock (Non operation)	① -30 ± 3°C 30minutes +80 ± 3°C 30minutes ② 100cycles, 1hour/cycle ③ Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes.	No display malfunctions		
ESD (Operation)	<ul> <li>① 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV</li> <li>② 9 places on a panel surface Note2</li> <li>③ 10 times each place at 1 sec interval</li> </ul>			
Dust (Operation)	<ol> <li>Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901)</li> <li>15 seconds stir</li> <li>8 times repeat at 1 hour interval</li> </ol>			
Vibration (Non operation)	No display malfunctions No physical damages			
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	1 to physical damages			

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.





#### 7. PRECAUTIONS

#### 7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS"!



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured or the product will sustain damage if the customer practices wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured if the customer practices wrong operations.

#### 7.2 CAUTIONS



\* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than  $539\text{m/s}^2$  and equal to or no greater than 11ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N ( $\phi16\text{mm}$  jig))

### 7.3 ATTENTIONS



#### 7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- 3 When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- 4 The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel.
- ⑤ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- **(6)** Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the panel surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- ⑦ Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working. When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- Wusually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.



#### 7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because dew condensation is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with the original packing state after a customer receives the package)
- 3 Do not operate in high magnetic field. If not, circuit boards may be broken.
- 4 This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

#### 7.3.3 Characteristics

#### The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flickering, vertical streams or tiny spots may be observed depending on display patterns.
- 3 Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.

#### 7.3.4 Others

- ① All GND, VCC and VDD terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- 3 Pack the product with the original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to TMJ for repairing and so on.
- 4 The information of China RoHS (II) six hazardous substances or elements in this product is as follows.

China RoHS (II) six hazardous substances or elements								
Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI)	Polybrominated Biphenys (PBB)	Polybrominated Biphenyl Ethers (PBDE)			
×	0	0	0	0	0			

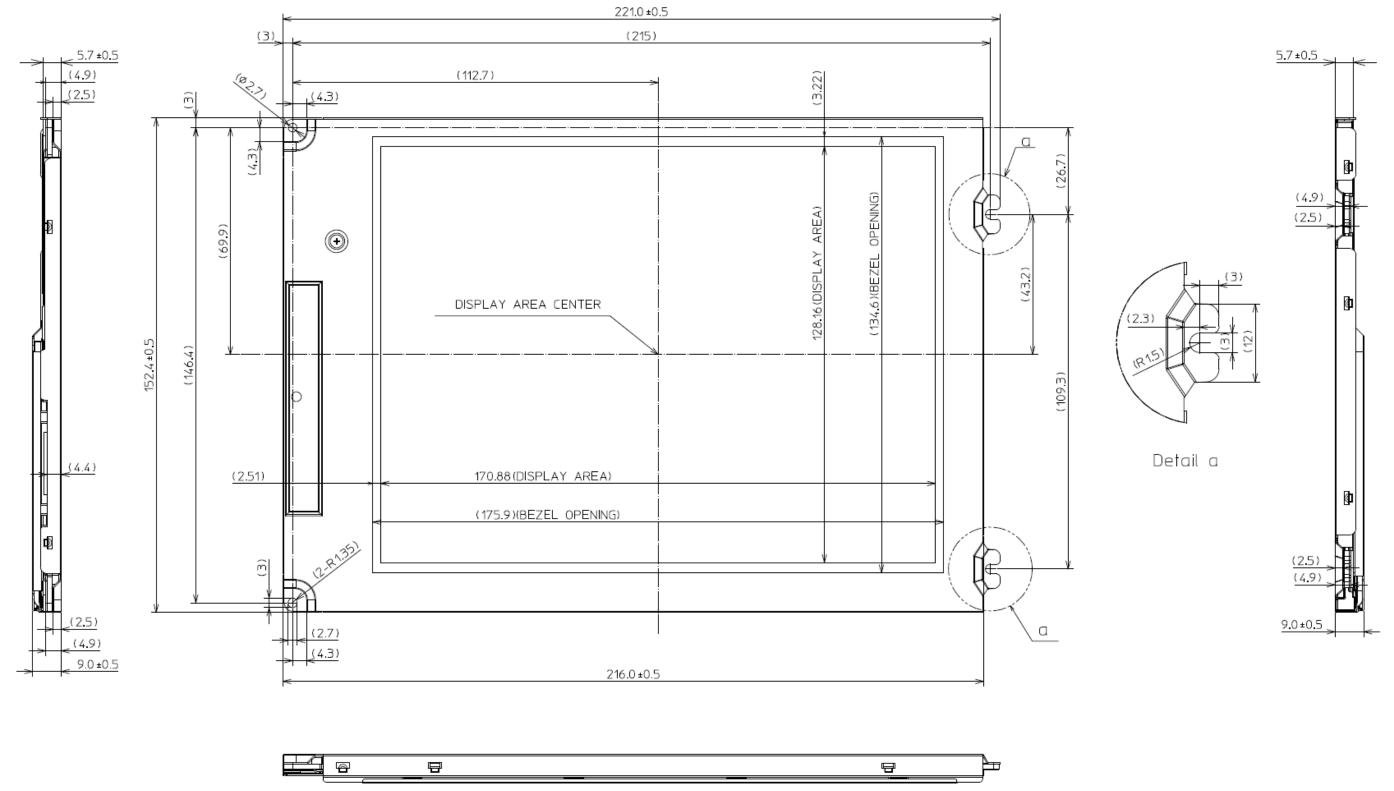
- Note1: (): This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is equal or below the limitation level of GB/T26572-2011 standard regulation.
  - X: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous smaterials for this part is above the limitation level of GB/T26572-2011 standard regulation.

☆



#### 8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

#### 8.1 FRONT VIEW

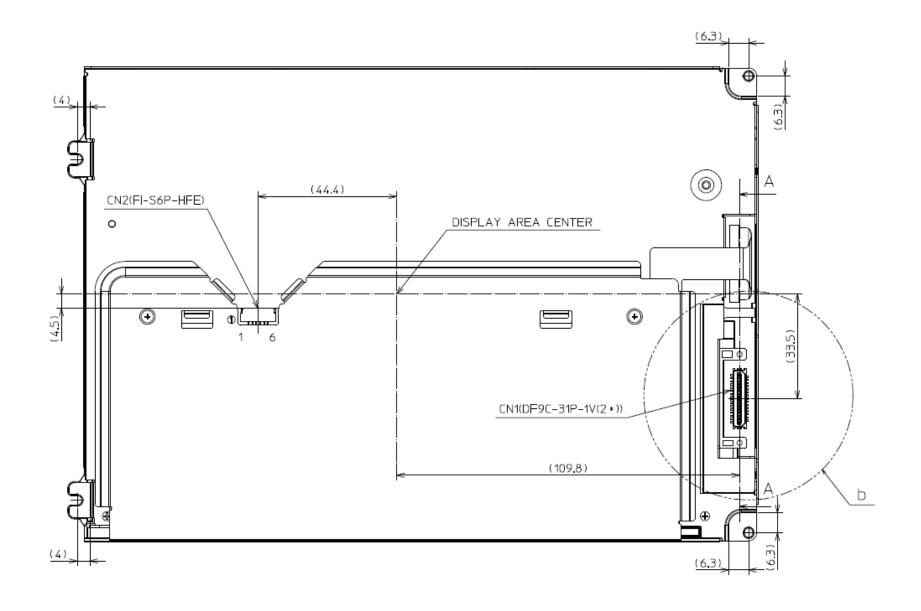


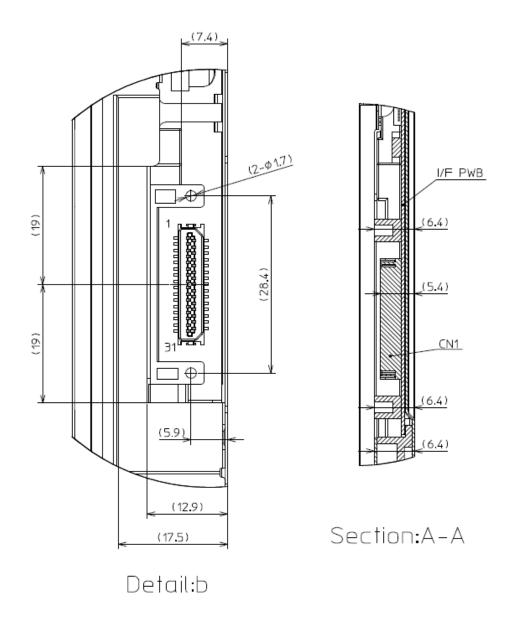
Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.

Unit: mm

#### 8.2 REAR VIEW





Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.

Unit: mm

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