



# **SPECIFICATION**



## TX13D06VM2BPA

5" TFT - WVGA - C-MOS

Version: TX13D06VM2BPA-2

Date: 08.12.2016

Note: This specification is subject to change without prior notice



Kaohsiung Opto-Electronics Inc.

FOR MESSRS:	DATE: Dec. 8 <sup>th</sup> , 201
	27.12.1 <u>200.0 (120.</u>

## **CUSTOMER'S ACCEPTANCE SPECIFICATIONS**

## TX13D06VM2BPA

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ACCEPTED BY:	PROPOSED BY: Oblack	Tsai

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## 2. RECORD OF REVISION

DATE	SHEET No.	SUMMARY						
Dec.8,'16	7B64PS-2711-		11.2 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS					
	TX13D06VM2BPA-2	Revised						
	Page 11-1/2~2/2		Item	T	Specification			
			Circuit resistance	X- axis	370Ω~1140Ω			
				Y-axis	200Ω~610Ω			
				$\downarrow$				
			Item		Specification			
			Circuit resistance	X- axis	310Ω~1300Ω			
				Y-axis	100Ω~800Ω			
			ECHANICAL CHARAC <sup>*</sup> d : Surface Hardness JI		JIS K5600-5-4			

#### 3. GENERAL DATA

#### 3.1 DISPLAY FEATURES

This module is a 5" WVGA of 16:9 format amorphous silicon TFT. The pixel format is vertical stripe and sub pixels are arranged as R(red), G(green), B(blue) sequentially. This display is RoHS compliant, and COG (chip on glass) technology and LED backlight are applied on this display.

Part Name	TX13D06VM2BPA
Module Dimensions	120.0(W)mm x 80.7(H)mm x 9.4(D)mm typ
LCD Active Area	108.0(W)mm x 64.8(H)mm
Pixel Pitch	0.045(W)mm x 3(R,G,B)(W) x 0.135(H)mm
Resolution	800x3(R,G,B)(W)x480(H) dots
Color Pixel Arrangement	R, G, B Vertical stripe
LCD Type	Transmissive Color TFT; Normally White
Display Type	Active Matrix
Top Polarizer Type	Anti-glare Polarizer Film
Number of Colors	262k Colors (R,G,B 6bit digital each)
Backlight	Light Emitting Diode (LED)
Weight	75g typ.
Interface	40pin C-MOS
Power Supply Voltage	3.3V for LCD driving 12 V for B/L driving
Power Consumption	0.4 W for LCD ; 2.3 W for B/L
Viewing Direction	12 O'clock (without image inversion and least brightness change) 6 O'clock (contrast peak located at)
Touch Panel	Resistive type; Film on glass; 4-wire type; Antiglare surface.

#### 4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

ltem	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$	0	7.0	V	-
Input Voltage of Logic	Vı	-0.3	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V	Note 1
Operating Temperature	Тор	-20	70	°C	Note 2
Storage Temperature	Tst	-30	80	°C	Note 2

- Note 1: The rating is defined for the signal voltages of the interface such as DE, Hsync, Vsync, CLK and RGB data bus.
- Note 2: The maximum rating is defined as above based on the chamber temperature, which might be different from ambient temperature after assembling the panel into the application. Moreover, some temperature-related phenomenon as below needed to be noticed:
  - Background color, contrast and response time would be different in temperatures other than  $25\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}\,.$
  - Operating under high temperature will shorten LED lifetime.

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#### 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 5.1 LCD CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_a = 25$  °C, VSS = 0V

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Power Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$	-	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Input Voltage of Logic		"H" level	0.8V <sub>DD</sub>	-	$V_{DD}$	.,	Note 1
	V <sub>I</sub>	"L" level	VSS	-	0.2V <sub>DD</sub>	V	
Power Supply Current	IDD	-	-	120	140	mA	Note 2
Vsync Frequency	$f_{v}$	-	55	60	65	Hz	-
Hsync Frequency	$f_{\scriptscriptstyle H}$	-	28.9	31.5	34.1	KHz	-
DCLK Frequency	$f_{\mathit{CLK}}$	-	30.5	33.3	36.0	MHz	-

- Note 1: The rating is defined for the signal voltages of the interface such as DE, Hsync, Vsync, CLK and RGB data bus.
- Note 2: An all black check pattern is used when measuring IDD,  $f_v$  is set to 60 Hz.
- Note 3: 0.75A fuse is applied in the module for IDD. For display activation and protection purpose, power supply is recommended larger than 2A to start the display and break fuse once any short circuit occurred.

#### 5.2 BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_a = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$ 

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
LED Input Voltage	$V_{LED}$	Backlight Unit	11.5	12.0	12.5	V	Note1
LED Forward Current	I <sub>LED</sub>	Backlight Unit	ı	192	ı	mA	-
LED Lifetime	-	192 mA	1	50K	1	hrs	Note 2

- Note 1: Fig. 5.1 shows the backlight circuit of two LED bars.
- Note 2: The estimated lifetime is specified as the time to reduce 50% brightness by applying 192 mA at  $25^{\circ}$ C.

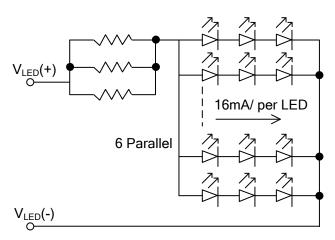


Fig. 5.1

#### 6. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The optical characteristics are measured based on the conditions as below:

- Supplying the signals and voltages defined in the section of electrical characteristics.
- The backlight unit needs to be turned on for 30 minutes.
- The ambient temperature is 25  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  .
- In the dark room around 500~1000 lx, the equipment has been set for the measurements as shown in

Fig 6.1.						$C, f_v = 60 \text{ H}$	$\text{Hz}$ , $\text{V}_{\text{DD}} = 3.3V$
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks

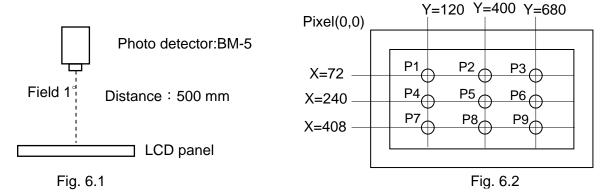
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Brightness of White		-		680	800	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Note 1
Brightness Un	Brightness Uniformity		$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ},$	70	-	-	%	Note 2
Contrast Ratio	)	CR	ILED= 192mA	400	600	-	-	Note 3
Response Tim (Rising + Fallir		Tr + Tf	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ}$	-	50	-	ms	Note 4
NTSC Ratio		-	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ}$	-	50	-	%	-
		$\theta$ x	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	-	70	-		
Minusia a Assala	Viewing Angle		$\phi = 180^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	-	70	-	Degree	Note 5
viewing Angle			$\phi = 90^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	-	60	-		
		$\theta$ y'	$\phi=270^{\circ}$ , CR $\geq 10$	-	70	-		
	Dod	X		0.55	0.60	0.65	-	
	Red	Υ		0.31	0.36	0.41		
	Croon	X		0.30	0.35	0.40		
Color	Green	Y		0.53	0.58	0.63		
Chromaticity	Dluc	Х	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ}$	0.10	0.15	0.20		Note 6
	Blue	Y		0.07	0.12	0.17		
	\/\/hitc	Х		0.26	0.31	0.36		
	White	Y		0.30	0.35	0.40		

Note 1: The brightness is measured from the center point of the panel, P5 in Fig. 6.2, for the typical value.

Note 2: The brightness uniformity is calculated by the equation as below:

Brightness uniformity = 
$$\frac{\text{Min. Brightness}}{\text{Max. Brightness}}$$
 X100%

, which is based on the brightness values of the 9 points measured by BM-5 as shown in Fig. 6.2.



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Note 3: The Contrast ratio is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, and defined as the following equation:

Brightness of White Brightness of Black

Note 4: The definition of response time is shown in Fig. 6.3. The rising time is the period from 90% brightness to 10% brightness when the data is from white to black. Oppositely, Falling time is the period from 10% brightness rising to 90% brightness.

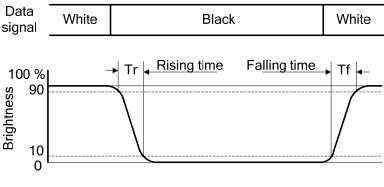


Fig. 6.3

Note 5: The definition of viewing angle is shown in Fig. 6.4. Angle  $\phi$  is used to represent viewing directions, for instance,  $\phi = 270^{\circ}$  means 6 o'clock, and  $\phi = 0^{\circ}$  means 3 o'clock. Moreover, angle  $\theta$  is used to represent viewing angles from axis Z toward plane XY.

The viewing direction of this display is 12 o'clock, which means that a photograph with gray scale would not be reversed in color and the brightness change would be less from this direction. However, the best contrast peak would be located at 6 o'clock.

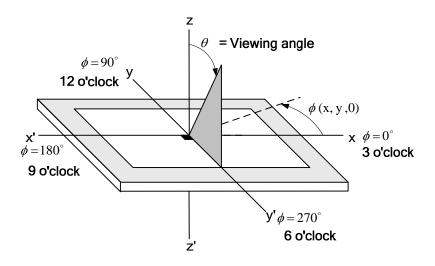


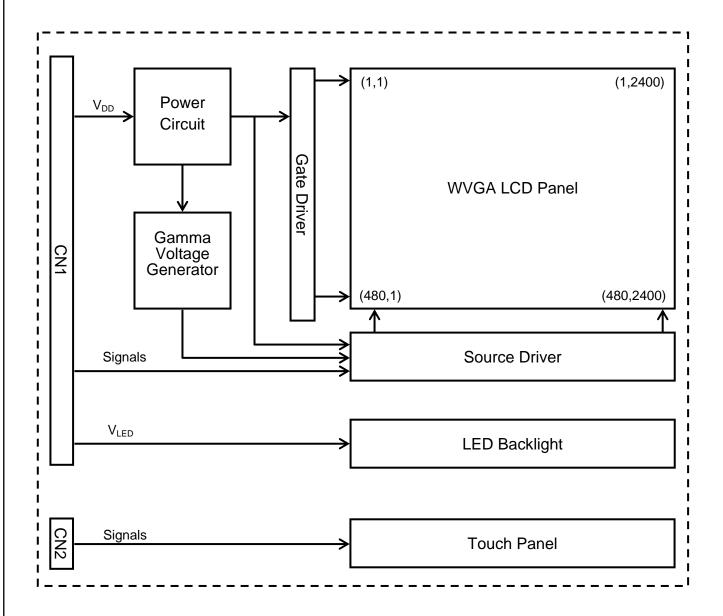
Fig. 6.4

Note 6: The color chromaticity is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, as shown in Fig. 6.2.

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## 7. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note 1: Signals are DCLK, DE, Hsync, Vsync and RGB data bus.

### 8. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test Item	Condition	
High Temperature	1) Operating 2) 70 °C	240 hrs
Low Temperature	1) Operating 2) -20 °C	240 hrs
High Temperature	3) 1) Storage 4) 2) 80 ° <sup>C</sup>	240 hrs
Low Temperature	5) 1) Storage 6) 2) -30° <sup>C</sup>	240 hrs
Heat Cycle	1) Operating 2) -20 °C ~70 °C 3) 3hrs~1hr~3hrs	240 hrs
Thermal Shock	<ol> <li>Non-Operating</li> <li>-35 ° C ↔ 85 ° C</li> <li>0.5 hr ← 0.5 hr</li> </ol>	240 hrs
High Temperature & Humidity	<ul> <li>1) Operating</li> <li>2) 40 °C &amp; 85%RH</li> <li>3) Without condensation</li> <li>(Note 3)</li> </ul>	240 hrs
Vibration	1) Non-Operating 2) 20~200 Hz 3) 2G 4) X, Y, and Z directions	1 hr for each direction
Mechanical Shock	<ul> <li>1) Non-Operating</li> <li>2) 10 ms</li> <li>3) 50G</li> <li>4) ±X,±Y and ±Z directions</li> </ul>	Once for each direction
ESD	<ol> <li>Operating</li> <li>Tip: 150 pF, 330 Ω</li> <li>Air discharge for glass: ±8KV</li> <li>Contact discharge for metal frame: ±8KV</li> </ol>	1) Glass: 9 points 2) Metal frame: 8 points (Note 4)

- Note 1: Display functionalities are inspected under the conditions defined in the specification after the reliability tests.
- Note 2: The display is not guaranteed for use in corrosive gas environments.
- Note 3: Under the condition of high temperature & humidity, if the temperature is higher than 40  $^{\circ}$ C, the humidity needs to be reduced as Fig. 8.1 shown.
- Note 4: All pins of LCD interface (CN1) have been tested by  $\pm 100$ V contact discharge of ESD under non-operating condition.

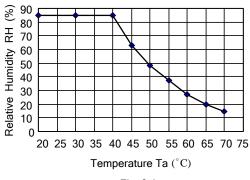


Fig. 8.1

#### 9. LCD INTERFACE

#### 9.1 INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

The display interface connector (CN1) is FA5S040HP1R3000 (JAE), and Pin assignment is as below:

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Pin No.	Symbol	Signal
1	M	Cumple Valtage	21	G4	Green data
2	$V_{DD}$	Supply Voltage	22	G3	Green data
3	U/D	Scan Direction (Up/Down)	23	$V_{SS}$	Ground
4	L/R	Scan Direction (Left/Right)	24	G2	Green data
5	Vsync	Vertical synchronous signal	25	G1	Green data
6	DE	Data Enable	26	G0	Green data (LSB)
7	$V_{SS}$	Ground	27	$V_{SS}$	Ground
8	DCLK	Dot clock	28	R5	Red data (MSB)
9	$V_{SS}$	Ground	29	R4	Red data
10	Hsync	Horizontal synchronous signal	30	R3	Red data
11	$V_{SS}$	Ground	31	$V_{SS}$	Ground
12	B5	Blue data (MSB)	32	R2	Red data
13	B4	Blue data	33	R1	Red data
14	В3	Blue data	34	R0	Red data (LSB)
15	$V_{SS}$	Ground	35	$V_{SS}$	Ground
16	B2	Blue data	36	NC	No Connection
17	B1	Blue data	37	\/ (1\)	Dower Supply for P/I
18	В0	Blue data (LSB)	38	V <sub>LED</sub> (+)	Power Supply for B/L
19	V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground	39	\/ ()	Cround
20	G5	Green data (MSB)	40	V <sub>LED</sub> (-)	Ground

Note 1: When using Sync mode, the DE pin must be pulled low, and when DE mode, the Hsync & Vsync must be pulled high. Sync mode and DE mode can't active at the same time.

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#### 9.2 TIMING CHART

1) Sync Mode (the DE pin pulled low)

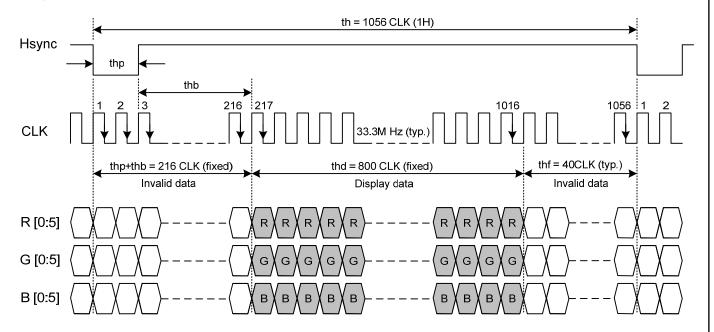


Fig. 9.1 Horizontal Timing of Synchronous Mode

Note 1: CLK's falling edge is the time to latch data and count (thp + thb), therefore, data sending and Hsync's falling edge should start when CLK's rise edge.

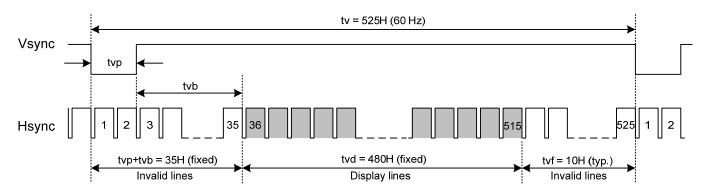


Fig. 9.2 Vertical Timing of Synchronous Mode

Note 2: Vsync's falling edge needs to start with Hsync's falling edge simultaneously to count (tvp + tvb)

#### 2). DE Mode (the Hsync and Vsync pins must be pulled high)

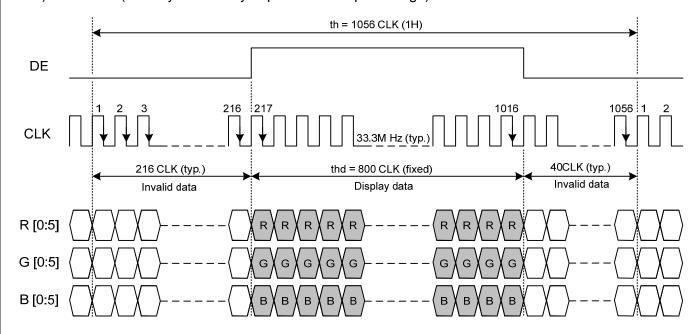


Fig. 9.3 Horizontal Timing of DE Mode

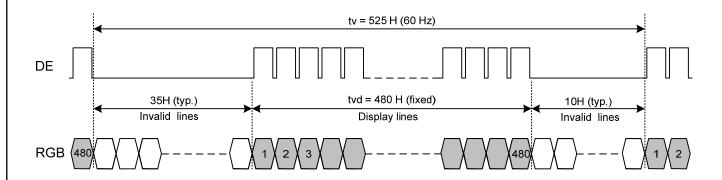


Fig. 9.4 Vertical Timing of DE Mode

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#### 9.3 CLOCK AND DATA INPUT TIMING

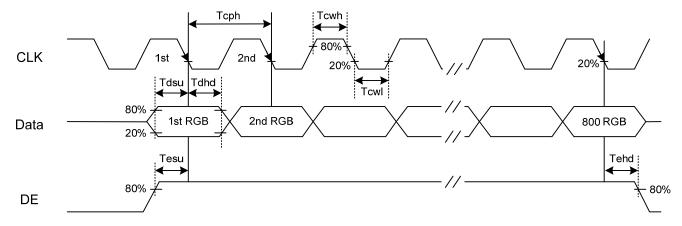


Fig. 9.5 Setup & Hold Time of Data and DE signal.

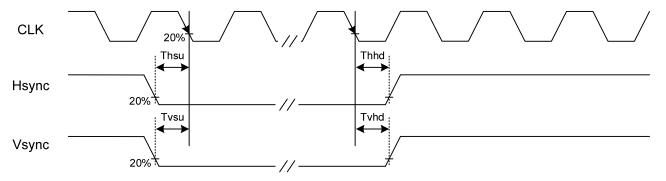


Fig. 9.6 Setup & Hold Time of Hsync and Vsync signal

#### 9.4 TIMING TABLE

The column of timing sets including minimum, typical, and maximum as below are based on the best optical performance, frame frequency (Vsync) = 60 Hz to define. If 60 Hz is not the aim to set,  $54\sim66 \text{ Hz}$  for Vsync is recommended to apply for better performance by other parameter combination as the definitions in section 5.1.

#### 1).Sync Mode

	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	CLK Frequency	fclk	32.4	33.3	41.2	M Hz
	Display Data	thd	800	800	800	
l lavas	Cycle Time	th	1036	1056	1116	
Hsync	Pulse Width	thp	128	128	128	CLK
	Pulse Width and Back Porch	thp + thb	216	216	216	
	Front Porch		20	40	100	
	Display Line	tvd	480	480	480	
	Cycle Time	tv	521	525	615	
Vsync	Pulse Width	tvp	2	2	2	Н
	Pulse Width and Back Porch	tvp + tvb	35	35	35	
	Front Porch	t∨f	6	10	100	

#### 2).DE Mode

Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	CLK Frequency	fclk	30.0	33.3	37.0	M Hz
Horizontal	Display Data	thd	800	800	800	0114
	Cycle Time	th	1000	1056	1100	CLK
Mantiaal	Display Data	tvd	480	480	480	1.1
Vertical	Cycle Time	tv	500	525	560	Н

#### 3).Clock and Data Input Timing

	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
01.14	Duty	Tcwh	40	50	60	%
CLK	Cycle Time	Tcph	-	30	-	
Marina	Setup Time	Tvsu	6	-	-	
vsync	Vsync Hold Time		6	-	-	
Цолго	Setup Time	Thsu	6	-	-	
Hsync	Hold Time	Thhd	6	-	-	ns
Data	Setup Time	Tdsu	6	-	-	
Data	Hold Time	Tdhd	6	-	-	
DE	Setup Time	Tesu	6	-	-	
DE	Hold Time	Tehd	6	-	-	

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#### 9.5 POWER SEQUENCE

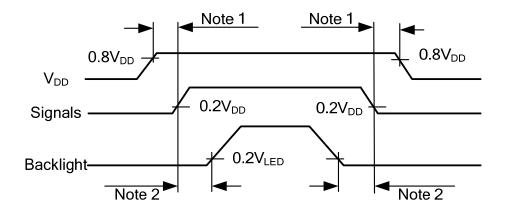
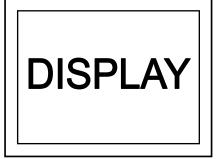


Fig. 9.7 Power Sequence Timing

- Note 1: In order to avoid any damages,  $V_{DD}$  has to be applied before all other signals. The opposite is true for power off where  $V_{DD}$  has to be remained on until all other signals have been switch off. The recommended time period is 1 second.
- Note 2: In order to avoid showing uncompleted patterns in transient state. It is recommended that switching the backlight on is delayed for 1 second after the signals have been applied. The opposite is true for power off where the backlight has to be switched off 1 second before the signals are removed.

#### 9.6 DISPLAY MODE CONTROL

Scan direction is available to be switched as below by setting CN1's L/R & U/D pin



L/R:H,U/D:L(Default)



L/R:L,U/D:L



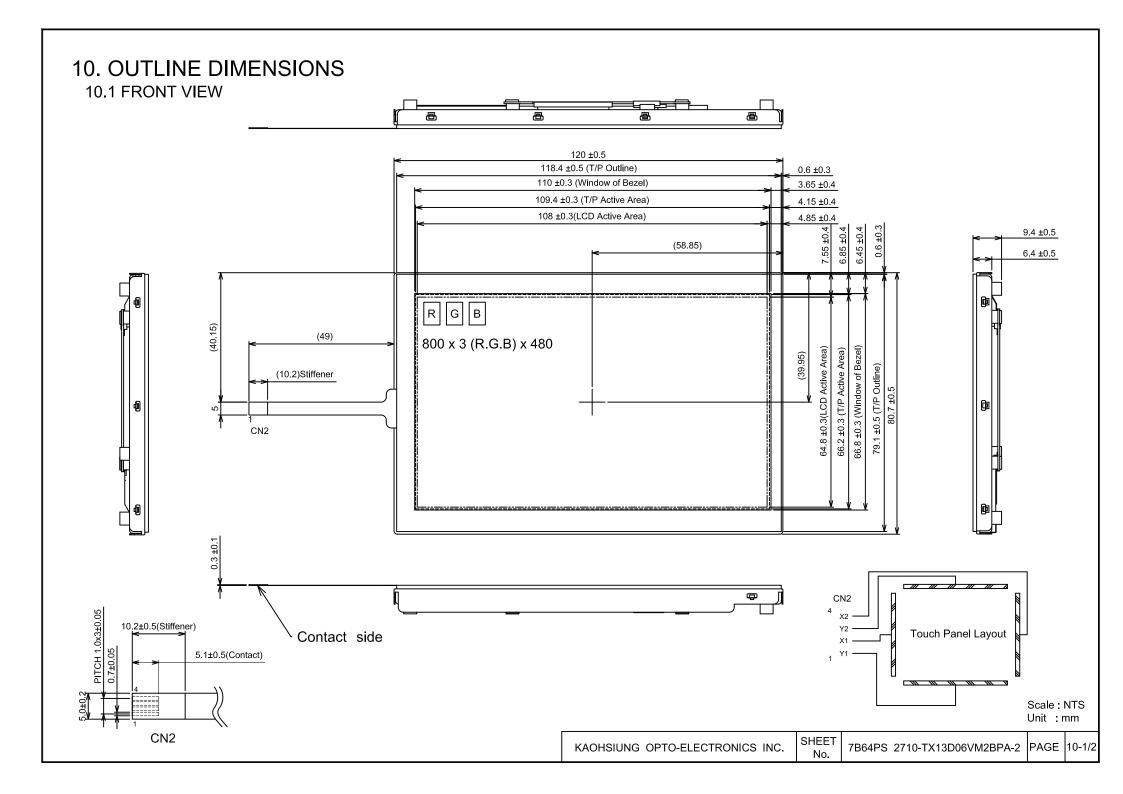
L/R:H,U/D:H



L/R:L,U/D:H

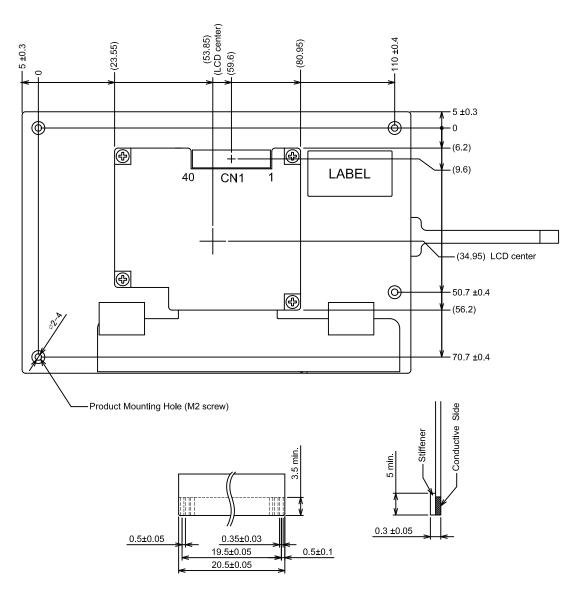
#### 9.7 DATA INPUT for DISPLAY COLOR

	COLOR & Gray Scale		Data Signal																
	Glay Scale	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (0)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (62)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (61)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Red (1)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (0)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Green (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue (61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1



#### 10.2 REAR VIEW





Scale: NTS Unit: mm

Recommended design rule for CN1 FPC

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#### 11. TOUCH PANEL

The type of touch panel used on this display is resistive, analog, 4-wire and film on glass, and more characteristics are shown as below:

#### 11.1 OPERATING CONDITIONS

Item	Specification	Remarks
Operating Voltage	DC 5V	DC 7V Max.
Operating Current	20mA	-

#### 11.2 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Item		Remarks
Circuit resistance	X- axis	310~1300 Ω	
	Y-axis	100~800 Ω	-
Insulation Resistance	X-Y	>20M Ω	At DC 25V
Lincovity	Χ	≤±1.5%	Note d
Linearity	Υ	≤±1.5%	Note 1
Chattering		≤10ms	-

Note 1: The test conditions and equipments of linearity are as below:

- Material of pen: poly-acetal resin

- End shape: R 0.8 mm

- Test force: 150 gf

- Pitch: 10 mm

- Test area is shown in Fig. 11.1

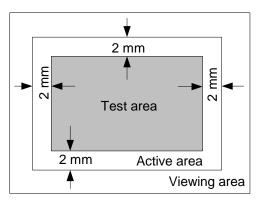


Fig. 11.1

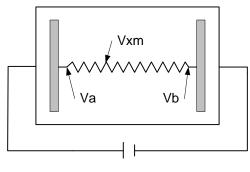


Fig. 11.2

As shown in Fig. 11.2, applying voltage meter to measure Va, Vb and Vxm, where Va is the maximum voltage in the active area; Vb is the minimum voltage in the active area; Vxm is the measured voltage of point x selected by random. Afterwards, the linearity can be calculated by following equation:

$$Linearity = \frac{\left| Vxi - Vxm \right|}{Va - Vb} \times 100\% ,$$

where Vxi is the idea voltage of point x.

The method to measure the linearity of Y-axis is the same as above.

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#### 11.3 MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item		Specification	Remarks	
A ativation force	Finger	120gf max.	End shape: R8.0 mm	
Activation force Pen		120gf max.	End shape: R0.8 mm	
Surface Hardness		3H	JIS K5600-5-4	

#### 11.4 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Specification	Remarks
Transmittance	>77%	-

#### 11.5 SAFETY AND ATTENTIONS

- 1) Do not put heavy shock or stress on the touch panel.
- 2) Please use soft cloth or absorbent cotton with ethanol to clean the touch panel by gently wiping. Moreover, please wipe it by horizontal or vertical direction instead of circling to prevent leaving scars on the touch panel's surface.
- 3) Do not use any harmful chemicals such as acetone, toluene, and isopropyl alcohol to clean the display's surface
- 4) UV protection is recommended to avoid the possibility of performance degrading when touch panel is likely applied under UV environment for a long period of time.

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#### 12. APPEARANCE STANDARD

The appearance inspection is performed in a dark room around 500~1000 lx based on the conditions as below:

- The distance between inspector's eyes and display is 30 cm.
- The viewing zone is defined with angle  $\theta$  shown in Fig.12.1 The inspection should be performed within 45° when display is shut down. The inspection should be performed within 5° when display is power on.

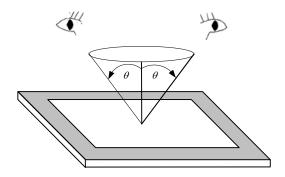


Fig. 12.1

#### 12.1 THE DEFINITION OF LCD ZONE

LCD panel is divided into 3 areas as shown in Fig.12.2 for appearance specification in next section. A zone is the LCD active area (dot area); B zone is the area, which extended 1 mm out from LCD active area; C zone is the area between B zone and metal frame.

In terms of housing design, B zone is the recommended window area customers' housing should be located in.

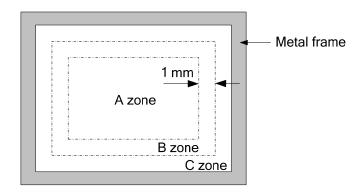


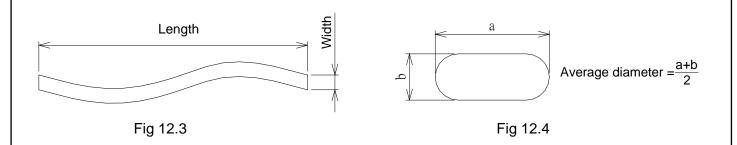
Fig. 12.2

#### 12.2 LCD APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

The specification as below is defined as the amount of unexpected phenomenon or material in different zones of LCD panel. The definitions of length, width and average diameter using in the table are shown in Fig. 12.3 and Fig. 12.4.

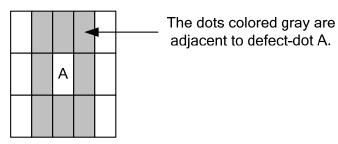
Item	Criteria				Applied zone			
	Length (mm)	Wid	dth (mm)	Maximum nu	ımber	Minimum space		
	Ignored		W≦0.02	Ignored	d	-		
Scratches	L≦40	0.02	<w≦0.04< td=""><td>10</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>A, B</td></w≦0.04<>	10		-	A, B	
	L≦20		W≦0.04	10		-		
Dent	Serious one is not al	llowed	d				Α	
Wrinkles in polarizer	Serious one is not al	llowed	d				А	
	Average diam	neter (	(mm)	Max	kimum r	number		
		≤0.3			Ignore	ed		
Bubbles on polarizer	0.3 <d≦< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>12</td><td></td><td>Α</td></d≦<>				12		Α	
	0.5 <d< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>Not allov</td><td>wed</td><td></td></d<>			1	Not allov	wed		
			Filamentous	(Line shape)				
	Length (mm)		Widtl	n (mm)	Max	imum number		
	L≦2.0		1	V≦0.03	Ignored		A, B	
	 L≦3.0		0.03<	W≦0.05		10		
	L≦2.5		0.05 <w≦0.1< td=""><td>1</td><td></td></w≦0.1<>		1			
1) Stains			Round (Dot shape)					
2) Foreign Materials	Average diameter (n	Average diameter (mm) Maximum number		Mir	nimum Space			
3) Dark Spot	D≦0.2 lg		Ign	ored		-		
	0.2 <d≦0.3< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>10</td><td colspan="2">10 mm</td><td>A, B</td></d≦0.3<>			10	10 mm		A, B	
	0.3 <d≦0.4< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>5</td><td></td><td>30 mm</td><td>А, Б</td></d≦0.4<>			5		30 mm	А, Б	
	0.4 <d< td=""><td></td><td>Not a</td><td colspan="2">ot allowed -</td><td>-</td><td></td></d<>		Not a	ot allowed -		-		
	In total			Filamentous + Round=10				
		Thos	se wiped out e	easily are accepta	able			
			T	ype	Maximum number			
		-		dot		4		
	Bright dot-defect	t	•	cent dot		1		
	Bright dot doloot	`		dot or above	Not allowed			
Dot-Defect				total	5		Α	
(Note 1)		-		dot		5		
	Dark dot-defect			cent dot	2			
				dot or above	N	lot allowed		
			In total			5		
		In t	otal			10		

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Note 1: The definitions of dot defect are as below:

- The defect area of the dot must be bigger than half of a dot.
- For bright dot-defect, showing black pattern, the dot's brightness must be over 30% brighter than others.
- For dark dot-defect, showing white pattern, the dot's brightness must be under 70% darker than others.
- The definition of 1-dot-defect is the defect-dot, which is isolated and no adjacent defect-dot.
- The definition of adjacent dot is shown as Fig. 12.5.
- The Density of dot defect is defined in the area within diameter  $\phi$  =20mm.



#### 12.3 TOUCH PANEL APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

The specification as below is defined by the amount of unexpected material in different zones of touch panel.

Item		Crit	eria		Applied zone	
	Width (mm)	Length (mm)		Maximum number		
Scratches	W>0.1	L≧	L≧10 Not allowed		Λ D	
Scratches	0.10>W≧0.05	L<	10	4 pcs max.	A, B	
	0.05≧W	L<	10	Ignored		
	Fi	ilamentous	(Line shap	e)		
	Width (mm)		gth (mm) Maximum number			
	W>0.10		-	Dust (circular)	A, B	
	0.10≧W>0.05	3<	L	Not allowed		
Foreign Materials	0.05≧W	l	_≦3	Ignored		
		Round (D	ot shape)			
	Average diameter	Average diameter (mm)		ximum number	A, B	
	D>0.3			Not allowed		
	0.3≧D>0.2		3 pcs max.		В	
	D≦0.2			Ignored	A, B	

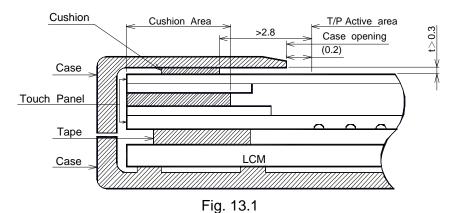
The limitation of glass flaw occurred on touch panel is defined in the table as below.

Item	Specifications			
Edge flaw	X Z Z	$X \leq 5.0 \text{ mm}$ $Y \leq 1.0 \text{ mm}$ $Z \leq \text{Thickness}$		
Corner flaw	X Y Z	$X \leq 3.0 \text{ mm}$ $Y \leq 3.0 \text{ mm}$ $Z \leq \text{Thickness}$		
Progressive flaw		Not allowed		

#### 13. PRECAUTIONS

#### 13.1 PRECAUTIONS of TOUCH PANEL

- 1) Please refer to Fig. 13.1 for housing the display with touch panel into applications. The Fig. 13.1 shows some points as below:
- The cushion needs to be designed between housing and touch panel in order to avoid unexpected pressure to cause any wrong reactions, and the cushion should be located in the cushion area.
- The housing should not cover the active area of touch panel as the figure shown.



#### 13.2 PRECAUTIONS OF ESD

- 1) Before handling the display, please ensure your body has been connected to ground to avoid any damages by ESD. Also, do not touch display's interface directly when assembling.
- 2) Please remove the protection film very slowly before turning on the display to avoid generating ESD.

#### 13.3 PRECAUTIONS OF HANDLING

- 1) In order to keep the appearance of display in good condition, please do not rub any surfaces of the displays by using sharp tools harder than 3H, especially touch panel, metal frame and polarizer.
- 2) Please do not stack the displays as this may damage the surface. In order to avoid any injuries, please avoid touching the edge of the glass or metal frame and wore gloves during handling.
- 5) Touching the polarizer or terminal pins with bare hand should be avoided to prevent staining and poor electrical contact.
- 6) Do not use any harmful chemicals such as acetone, toluene, and isopropyl alcohol to clean display's surfaces.
- 7) Please use soft cloth or absorbent cotton with ethanol to clean the display by gently wiping. Moreover, when wiping the display, please wipe it by horizontal or vertical direction instead of circling to prevent leaving scars on the display's surface, especially polarizer.
- 8) Please wipe any unknown liquids immediately such as saliva, water or dew on the display to avoid color fading or any permanent damages.
- 9) Maximum pressure to the surface of the display must be less than  $1.96 \times 10^4$  Pa. If the area of applied pressure is less than  $1 \text{ cm}^2$ , the maximum pressure must be less than 1.96N.

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#### 13.4 PRECAUTIONS OF OPERATING

- 1) Please input signals and voltages to the displays according to the values defined in the section of electrical characteristics to obtain the best performance. Any voltages over than absolute maximum rating will cause permanent damages to this display. Also any timing of the signals out of this specification would cause unexpected performance.
- 2) When the display is operating at significant low temperature the response time will be slower than it at 25 °C . In high temperature, the color will be slightly dark and blue compared to original pattern. However these are temperature-related phenomenon of LCD and it will not cause permanent damages to the display when used within the operating temperature.
- 3) The use of screen saver or sleep mode is recommended when static images are likely for long periods of time. This is to avoid the possibility of image sticking.
- 4) Spike noise can cause malfunction of the circuit. The recommended limitation of spike noise is no bigger than  $\pm 100$  mV.

#### 13.5 PRECAUTIONS OF STORAGE

If the displays are going to be stored for years, please be aware the following notices.

- 1) Please store the displays in a dark room to avoid any damages from sunlight and other sources of UV light.
- 2) The recommended long term storage temperature is between  $10\,\mathrm{C}^\circ$  ~35  $\mathrm{C}^\circ$  and 55%~75% humidity to avoid causing bubbles between polarizer and LCD glasses and polarizer peeling from LCD glasses.
- 3) It would be better to keep the displays in the container which is shipped from KOE and do not unpack it
- 4) Please do not stick any labels on the display surface for a long time, especially on the polarizer.

#### 14. DESIGNATION of LOT MARK

1) The lot mark is showing in Fig.14.1. First 4 digits are used to represent production lot, T represented made in Taiwan, and the last 6 digits are the serial number.

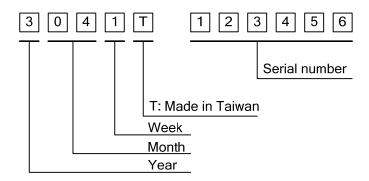


Fig. 14.1

2) The tables as below are showing what the first 4 digits of lot mark are shorted for.

Year	Lot Mark
2013	3
2014	4
2015	5
2016	6
2017	7

Month	Lot Mark	Month	Lot Mark
Jan.	01	Jul.	07
Feb.	02	Aug.	08
Mar.	03	Sep.	09
Apr.	04	Oct.	10
May	05	Nov.	11
Jun.	06	Dec.	12

Week	Lot Mark
1~7 days	1
8~14 days	2
15~21 days	3
22~28 days	4
29~31 days	5

- 3) Except letters I and O, revision number will be shown on lot mark and following letters A to Z.
- 4) The location of the lot mark is on the back of the display shown in Fig. 14.2.



Fig. 14.2

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